FARS OPERATIONS

The Fatality Analysis Reporting System (FARS) became operational in 1975 and contains data on a census of fatal traffic crashes in the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. To be included in FARS, a crash must involve a motor vehicle traveling on a trafficway customarily open to the public and must result in the death of an occupant of a vehicle or a nonoccupant within 30 days of the crash.

NHTSA has a cooperative agreement with an agency in each State's government to provide information on all qualifying fatal crashes in the State. These agreements are managed by the National Center for Statistics and Analysis (NCSA) State Data System, Office of Data Acquisition. Trained State employees, called "FARS analysts," are responsible for gathering, translating, and transmitting their State's data to NCSA's standard format. The number of analysts varies by State, depending on the number of fatal crashes and the ease of obtaining data.

FARS data is obtained solely from the State's existing documents:

Police Accident Reports (PCRs) State Vehicle Registration Files State Driver Licensing Files State Highway Department Data Vital Statistics Death Certificates Coroner/Medical Examiner Reports Emergency Medical Service Reports Other State Records

From these documents, the FARS analysts code more than 140 FARS data elements. The specific data elements may be modified slightly each year to conform to changing user needs, vehicle characteristics, and highway safety emphasis areas. The data collected in FARS does not include any personal identifying information, such as names, addresses, or social security numbers. Thus, any data kept in FARS files and made available to the public fully conforms to the Privacy Act.

Each FARS analyst enters data into a local microcomputer data file, and daily updates are sent to NHTSA's central computer database. Data is automatically checked when entered for acceptable range values and for consistency, enabling the analyst to make corrections immediately. Several programs continually monitor and improve the completeness and accuracy of the data. The 2021 FARS data file used for the statistics in this portal was created in September 2022; however, the 2021 FARS file will officially close in early 2023. This additional time provides the opportunity for submission of important variable data requiring outside sources, which may lead to changes in the final counts. The updated final counts for 2020 are reflected in this portal. The updated final counts for 2021 will be reflected in the 2022 annual report portal.